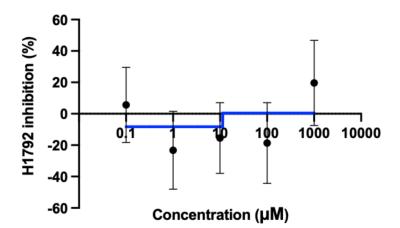


Article

Supplementary Material: MULTISCALE ANALYSIS AND VALIDATION OF EFFECTIVE DRUG COMBINATIONS TARGETING DRIVER KRAS MUTATIONS IN NON-SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER

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Figure S1. GI50 for BAY-293. The concentration (horizontal axis) of osimertinb is plotted against the H1792 cellular inhibition percentage (vertical axis). The GI50, or concentration required for 50% cellular inhibition, for BAY-293 was unable to be calculated with Graphpad prism 9.0, as there was not a strong enough effect. This indicates that BAY-293 is not effective at decreasing cellular proliferation in H1792 as a single agent.

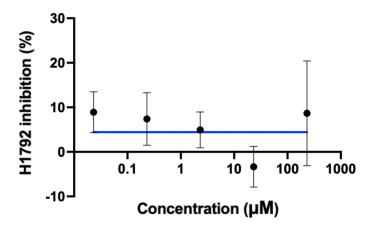


Figure S2. GI50 for ARS-1620. The concentration (horizontal axis) of osimertinb is plotted against the H1792 cellular inhibition percentage (vertical axis). The GI50, or concentration required for 50% cellular inhibition, for ARS-1620 was unable to be calculated with Graphpad prism 9.0, as there was not a strong enough effect. This indicates that ARS-1620 is not effective at decreasing cellular proliferation in H1792 as a single agent.

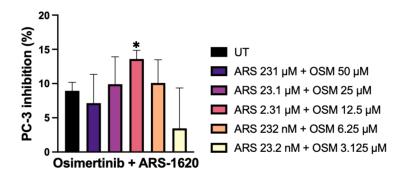


Figure S3. Cellular proliferation for PC-3 with ARS-1620 + osimertinib. The concentration (horizontal axis) of osimertinb and ARS-1620 is plotted against the PC-3 cellular inhibition percentage (vertical axis). The third strongest treatment condition was slightly significant (p < 0.01). This indicates that the osimertinib and ARS-1620 combination does not inhibit cellular proliferation in PC-3 relative to the untreated control.

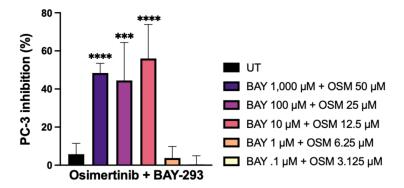


Figure S4. Cellular proliferation for PC-3 with BAY-293 + osimertinib. The concentration (horizontal axis) of osimertinb and BAY-293 is plotted against the PC-3 cellular inhibition percentage (vertical axis). The three strongest treatment conditions were all significantly higher (p < 0.001) compared to the untreated control. This indicates that while the osimertinib and BAY-293 combination shows some effect at inhibiting PC-3 cellular proliferation, it is far less than the effect observed with H1792.